I have seldom in my life felt so absolutely sure

of a unanimous and enthusiastic consent as I do on this occasion, when I ask your assembled guests to offer their most hearty thanks for the

nost congenial company. (Cheers.)

Park Lane, where the Stars and Stripes floating

over Dorchester House proclaimed that the Am-

bassador was "at home" to his fellow country-

men in London. There was a very large attend-

ance of American visitors, who thronged the

grand staircase from 4 till 6 o'clock, and, after

being welcomed by the Ambassador and Mrs.

Whitelaw Reid, distributed themselves about

the spacious rooms of the house. An orchestra

played on the landing at the head of the stair-

case, where the guests were received, and re-

freshments were served in the garden in a large

and luxuriously appointed tent hung with dra-

pery of alternate white and pale green stripes.

Altogether the new Ambassador's first Inde-

pendence Day reception was a brilliant and conapicuous success. Among those present were

Miss Jean Reid and Mr. Ogden Reid, the Am-

bassador's daughter and son; Mr. Ridgely Car-

ter, secretary, and Mrs. Ridgely Carter; Mr. Craig Wadsworth, second secretary; Mr. Lewis

Einstein, third secretary, and Mrs. Einstein:

Captain Stockton, naval attaché, Mrs. and Miss

Stockton; Major Beacom, military attaché; Lord

Lansdowne, the Duchess of Marlborough, Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. Potter Palmer, Mrs.

Ronalds, a detachment of the 7th New-York

Regiment National Guard from Bisley in uni-

form, Mrs. Cavendish Bentinck, Lord and Lady

Craven, Count Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Schley, Lord

and Lady Middleton, Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M. P.,

and Mrs. O'Connor, Mr. Del Mar, Professor and

Mrs. Gildersleeve, Mrs. Mackay, Sir A. and

Lady Hargreaves Brown, Mrs. and Miss Vanderbilt, Mr. F. C. Van Duzer, Miss Van Duzer,

Sir Seymour and Lady Blane, Mr. J. E. Dudley

Ryder, the Bishop of Washington, Archdeacon

and Mrs. Wilberforce, the Rev. Professor Robert-

son, Captain and Mrs. Blackburne-Tew, Miss

Janotha, Rear Admiral J. C. Watson, U. S. N.;

Mr. L. N. Ford, Mr. Burton Sanborn, Mrs. E. J. Banborn, Miss Helen Sanborn, Sir A. and Lady

Maloney, Mrs. Robert W. Welch, Miss Welch,

Professor Waldstein, Mr. and Mrs. John Lane

ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

Our good relations with the United States are a matter of common knowledge. But they could not have been reasserted on a more significant

not have been reasserted on a more significant occasion than the American dinner held in London on Saturday night to celebrate Independence Day. The mere fact that colonists could meet in the capital of their old mother country to celebrate the anniversary of their successful revolt against her authority is a striking proof that the old quarrels have become matters of history which interest both nations and offend neither. When our Foreign Minister can join with the American Ambassador in celebrating

with the American Ambassador in celebrating

the Declaration of Independence, the shade of

the Declaration of Independence, the shade of Burke may well be satisfied that the violent dispute which he strove to evert or to compromise has been laid to rest for ever. Instead of dwelling on their past differences, both countries now delight in recalling the earlier days when they formed part of one empire, and in emphasizing the ties of race, language, political traditions and peaceful trade which bind them to each contract the street would recharge speer at all

and peaceful trade which bind them to each other. A Bismarck would perhaps sneer at all this as so much sentimentalism, but it is not without a direct bearing on international politics, for as long as the two peoples are so well disposed toward each other their governments must be friendly, too, and the co-operation of England and the United States goes far to maintain peace in the world. It is unfortunately true, as Lord Lansdowne said, that there is "a sort of contagion of unrest" prevailing

is "a sort of contagion of unrest" prevailing among the nations, and war still rages in the Far East. But it is easy to conceive of a far worse state of things if the two Anglo-Saxon

worse state of things if the two Anglo-sachi powers were not resolutely working together to festrict the area of conflict and to bring the war to an end. Had not President Roosevelt, with the support of England and France, taken the initiative, we should not have even the faint

gleam of hope which the Russo-Japanese peace

gleam of hope which the Russo-Japanese peace conference is bringing. And this is only one of the many ways in which the good understanding between the United States and England has worked for the good of mankind.

We must not, of course, overestimate the direct influence of the two powers. The departure of the Japanese envoys for Washington is a definite intimation that Japan is in carnest the design peace. But we have yet to see

is a definite intimation that Japan is in earnest in desiring peace. But we have yet to see whether the friendly advice of the neutral powers or the rude menace of the Japanese victories will persuade the Czar to consent to the terms which Japan will now propose. Russia, defeated on land, obliterated as a naval power and reduced to anarchy by widespread revolts, seems to be in a desperate position. But, for all that, the Czar may not accept the conditions to be

Germany's sudden reassertion of her might is not a matter that concerns the United States directly, and the lively interchange of opinions between Paris and Berlin on the subject of Mo-

between Paris and Berlin on the subject of rocco has not given much trouble to American diplomatists. This particular dispute has now, it seems, been adjusted, but it is worth mentioning as an instance of the international troubles in which we could not expect any help

from our American kinsmen. But in the larger questions that arise outside of Europe—the questions of the future of China, for example, and of South America—the United States must

MR. CHOATE'S MANTLE.

Reid, in his first formal and public appearance as Mr. Choate's successor, showed himself heir to the mantle as well as the office of that amiable diplomatist. Angio-American friendship promises to initiate a thoroughgoing regeneration of the profession of diplomacy. Those who represent England and the United States in each other's capitals have no occasion to "lie for the good of their country." They have only to give faithful expression to the sentiments of their respective peoples in order to secure the best for all those interests which it is possible for diplomacy to make or mat.

From The Pall Mall Gazette.

and Lady Lister-Kaye.

From The London Chronicle.

guests to offer their most hearty thanks for the graceful speech we have just listened to, and to the American Society in London. I feel at the same time grateful to the American Society, and I am certain that all of your assembled guests are animated by the same feeling, that by your kind invitation you have afforded us a much desired opportunity of bidding a most hearty welcome on his arrival in our midst to your distinguished Ambassador (cheers), and especially on this memorable day which we celsbrate in this hall. My American colleague, if I may refer for a moment to some of his remarks, mentioned that the Old World has sent put different races to America, where they have formed united a new country, and where the differences of race have disappeared, in pursuing one common and patriotic object—in forming a great nation in the New World. I think that the nations of the Old World may see that you have set us an excellent example, and an example which might be followed if, as I hope Rechad Effendi, who is officially reported from Constantinople to be dying from cancer of the throat, is the only surviving brother of the Sultan Abdul Hamed and the heir apparent to the Turkish throne. He is more than sixty years old, and has for years been regarded with so much jealousy and suspicion by the Sultan that not merely Turkish dignitaries, but even foreign diplomats, have been afraid to go near him lest they should incur the displeasure of the Padishah. In fact, he has been subjected to a complete boycott and to something you have set us an excellent example, and an example which might be followed if, as I hope, we in that Old World bury some of our differences which may still exist, and stretch out a united and friendly hand across the water to you in America. (Cheers.) I would again express to you in the name of the guests our very much akin to gilded captivity, since he has been surrounded by a household composed of creatures of the Sultan, who have spied upon his every action. He has, moreover, been forbidden to leave the extensive grounds of his palace without the desion of his elder brother,

press to you in the name of the guests our most sincere thanks for the kind reception you have given us and for the very pleasant even-ing we have spend round this dinner table in His death, which is imminent, is likely to lead to dynastic troubles at Stamboul. For according to the Ottoman laws of succession established by Sultan Selim I in 1577, the next heir to the crown The Archdeacon of London also responded to after the death of Rechad would be Prince Isseddine, eldest son of the late Sultan Abdul Assiz, the toast; and the proceedings ended with "The whose deposition and mysterious death by vio-Health of the Chairman," proposed by Mr. F. lence in 1876 brought Murad, and then the latter's C. Van Duzer and briefly acknowledged by Mr. younger brother, the present Sultan, to the Turkish throne. Prince Isseddine has always considered RECEPTION AT DORCHESTER HOUSE. that his father was murdered, instead of having committed suicide, as alleged, with a pair of sharp The American Ambassador and Mrs. Whitelaw scissors, and he looks upon the present Sultan, his Reid held their Independence Day reception at cousin, as one of his father's assassins-indeed, as Dorchester House on Saturday afternoon. The the principal instigator of the crime. The Padiweather was brilliantly fine, and during the shah is thoroughly aware of this, hates Prince Isseddine and is bent on preventing his accession whole time of the reception there was a constant stream of carriages and foot passengers along to the throne, the more so as he knows that the Prince is to such an extent subservient to Russian

> Muscovite policy. The Sultan is credited with being anxious to change the laws of succession in favor of his son, Burhan-Eddine Effendi, now twenty years of age, who is far and away the most gifted and brilliant of the princes of the House of Osman.

influence that he is justly regarded, not only at

Constantinople, but also abroad, as a creature of

The young Effendi is not the eldest of the sons of the Sultan, but the one whom he loves best, and also a particular favorite of the German Emperor, who has known him ever since he was twelve years old, and who is credited with having first put into the head of the Sultan the idea of changing the laws of succession in favor of the young fellow. For, according to the existing statutes, there are fourteen lives at present between him and the throne. Burhan-Eddine has frequently been the Kaiser's guest at Berlin, has been largely brought up by German officers and tutors, and is imbued with the strongest kind of German sympathies, justly regarding Emperor William as the best and most powerful friend of the Ottoman Empire, and the chief protector against the designs of other foreign powers.

The Sultan will, it is understood, on the death of his brother Rechad, invest Burhan-Eddine, with certain powers and offices under the pretext of relieving himself of some of the more onerous duties and obligations of the executive; will, in fact, delegate to his son the task of representing him in a number of matters, with the idea that, in the event of his own sudden death, Burhan-Eddine, having all the reins of government and the sovereign power already in his hands, should have no difficulty in securing possession of his father's throne, and setting aside the legitimate successors.

AUBERON HERBERT'S SON A FEER

Auberon Thomas Herbert, who has, through the death of his uncle, the Earl Cowper, succeeded to the peerage as Lord Lucas and Dingwall, is not the brilliant and eccentric brother of the fourth and late Earl of Carnarvon, the Hon. Auberon Herbert so widely known as an eccentric philoso pher, author, politician, cynic and traveller, but his son. He succeeds to these dignities through his mother, who was a sister of the late Earl Cowper, and he will not only inherit the greater part of the immense estates of his uncle, but also, according to the terms of his will, will adopt his armorial bearings and his patronymio,

The Cowper family is well known in the United States. One of its notable members was William Cowper, the poet and the creator of "John Gilpin"; another was that General Spencer Cowper who was one of the commanders of the English troops throughout the American War of Independence. The Hon. Charles Cowper, an uncle of the late Earl, married Miss Jessie McLean, the American actress

By Lord Cowper's death not only his earldom be comes extinct, but also his dignity of "Prince of the Holy Roman Empire," conferred in the eighteenth century upon the third earl by Emperor controversy about this title of prince borne by the late earl, which does not figure in the list of princes of the Holy Roman Empire enumerated in the Almanch de Gotha. For purists contend that the ssion of territory in the Holy Roman Empire that is to say, in the former German Empire was an indispensable qualification to the dignity of prince of the empire, a qualification which the third earl did not enjoy. They argue that Emperor Joseph at the best could have created the Lord Cowper of his day "Prince of Milan, in the Holy Roman Empire," which is someting quite different. Whatever the honor was, Lord Cowper received permission in due form from his godfather, King George III of England, to accept this honor as the sole remaining representative, through his mother, of the princes and counts of Nassau d'Auverquerque.

A QUAKER CAUSE CELEBRE. No sketch of the Cowper family would be complete without a brief reference to the celebrated Sarah Stout case, familiar to Quakerdom throughout the civilized world. This created so great a sensation two centuries ago that from that time forth until the present day no member of the Cow per family has ever been able to stand for Parliament in the County of Hertford without being greeted with the cry: "Who killed Sarah Stout?" The fact is that Spencer Cowper, younger brother of the first Earl Cowper, was indicted for the murder of Sarah Stout. He was a member of the har at the time, and when visiting Hertford at the Assizes, as a member of the Home Circuit, was ac customed to dine frequently at the house of Mr. and Mrs. Stout, the leading Quakers of the place, who had a very pretty daughter by the name of

to be in a desperate position. But, for all that, the Czar may not accept the conditions to be imposed by Japan, despite all the warnings of the other governments. In such a case—possible, but, we hope, improbable—the war will be resumed. It is equally unsafe to count too much on the Anglo-American understanding in Continental politics, for President Roosevelt, the ardent advocate of the Monroe Doctrine, is not likely to involve his country in European broils. Germany's audden reassertion of her might is One morning her body was found drowned in the river, and, on the strength of hearsay and gossip, Spencer Cowper, who had dined the night before at her parents' house, was arrested and placed on trial for her murder. It was charged that, angered by her resistance to his advances, he had strangled her and then thrown her into the river. A certificate signed by six physicians, three of them bearing the name of Dimsdale, was produced to prove that she had not met with her death by drowning but by strangling, the object of this certificate be ing to disprove the defence of Spencer Cowper, who insisted that it was she who was infatuated with him, that, as a married man, he had resisted her advances, and that in anger and despair she had drowned herself. As he was able to produce several letters in her handwriting giving expression to and of South America—the United States must take as keen an interest as we do ourselves. In regard to the Far East and the Pacific, friendly relations betwen London and Washington are of vital importance, and must be sedulously cultivated. And we may fairly hope that the example of good will shown by the Anglo-American peoples will not be without its influence on Europe, and will hasten the day when similar relations will prevail between all the civilized howers. pangs of spurned love, the jury, turning a deaf ear to the plea that these letters were skilful forgeries, acquitted him, to the dismay of the Quakers, who insist to this day that she was murdered. The sensation which the case created, and, above all, the skill with which the young lawyer defended himself, won for him great fame and many briefs. In course of time he was raised to the bench, and eventually returned to preside as judge of the Court of Ning's Bench at the Assizes at Hertfordthat is to say, in the very court where he had fig-ured in his younger days in the felon's dock on the

charge of murder. Independence Day might almost be christened Reunion Day, after reading the speeches exchanged by English and American representatives at Saturday's banquet. Lord Lansdowne expressed the felicitous relationship now existing between the two countries very aptly when he said that the footfall of Mr. Choate occasioned no misgivings when it was heard in the corridors of the Foreign Office; and Mr. Whitelaw Reid, in his first formal and public appearance as Mr. Choate's successor, showed himself heir to It is only fair to add, by way of explanation of the presence of the signatures of three physicians of the name of Dimsdale to the certificate declaring Sarah Stout to have been strangled instead of drowned, that the Dimadales were at that time, and not only then, but previously, as well as subsequently, the most bitter political adversaries of the Cowpers of Hertfordshire. One of the three physicians in question was the father of that Dr. Thomas Dimsdale who became the physician to Empress Catherine of Russia. For vaccinating her and the grand duke, her son, he was made an hereditary baron of the Holy Russian Empire, received an annuity of \$3,000 a year, a present of \$100,000, and a miniature of the great Empress set in diamonds, which is still preserved as the most

precious of helrlooms in the Dimsdale family. They bear to this day the Russian title of baron, and one of them was created a baronet a few years

Mayorship of London. THOUSANDS MADE HAPPY MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

VIOLIN WAS NOT CONCEALED.

To the Editor of The Tribune Sir: Referring to the account of the seizure of a violin by customs officers on last Friday, printed in The Tribune of this date, permit me to say that the statement does me injustice. I had no trunk, and did not conceal the instrument in any way. On the contrary, I handed the case containing it to the inspector, and told him the cost. Beyond that I made no statement as to its value or whether it was genuine or not. In like manner I exhibited to him all the other articles which I had purchased abroad. He passed them without question, but held the violin for appraisement.

O. N. CHAFFEE.

THE BLACK MAN'S SHORTCOMINGS.

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: I hope you will allow an English visitor to the States, who has lived in the British West Indies, to express sincere admiration of your article in Friday's Tribune on the so-called "Niagara Movement." So thoroughly does the West Indian negro fail "to make the best of the conditions that surround" him, and persist in "turning energy to indignation instead of industry," that black men, living rent free on good land, by seas teeming with fish, in a perfect climate, pester our officials in the guise of victims starving for want of employment, PROGRESSIVE. St. Johnsbury, Vt., July 22, 1905.

SOCIAL NOTES FROM NEWPORT.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Newport, R. I., July 22.—It was a dismal day in Newport and there was little going on of a social nature. There was a downpour of rain until well into the afternoon, and as a result there was little life in the avenue. This evening the regular Sunday night concert was held at the Casino, but there was a small attendance of the cottagers. Luncheons were given this afternoon by E. J. Berwind and Mrs. James B. Haggin, and this evening there were dinners by Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh, Mrs. Elisha Dyer, jr., and Mrs. J. W. Gerard at

their villas. Mrs. Zabriskie has issued invitations for a musical to-morrow afternoon at which Campanari will sing. It will be attended by a large number of the

cottage colony.

Morton Nichols, of New-York, is the guest of T. Suffern Tailer for a few days. Mme. De Stuers is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charles Aster Bristed, and Mrs. Maxwell Stevenson is the guest of Mrs. James P. Kernochan.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt arrived at Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt arrived at Newport last night on the steam yacht Warrior, and this afternoon they were entertained at luncheon by Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt at Oakland Farm. This is the first visit to Newport for Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt in several years. They came to Newport to make arrangements for the opening of Rough Point for a fête for the benefit of the Newport Tuberculosis Society on August 12. Paul Rainey entertained at luncheon this afternoon on board the steam yacht Anona.

Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, jr., returned to their Long Island home to-night on the turbine yacht Tarantula.

DR. BABBITT'S FUNERAL.

There was a large attendance of clergymen of the Episcopal and other denominations at the Church of the Epiphany, McDonough-st, and Tompkins ave., Brooklyn, last night, where the funeral services of the Rev. Dr. Dean Richmond Babbitt, who died on Friday, were held. Besides a large proportion of the congregation, there were present embers of Acanthus Lodge, F. & A. M., of which

members of Acanthus Lodge, F. & A. M., of which Dr. Babbitt was chaplain.

The services were conducted by Bishop Frederick Burgess. He was assisted by the Rev. Dr. Frederick W. Norris, rector of St. Mathew's Chruch, which has been consolidated with the Church of the Epiphany. The choir sang "Abide with Me" and "Lead, Kindly Light." The big bell in the tower of the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church, just opposite, tolled for fifteen minutes while the services were going on. The body will be taken to Cincinnati this morning for burial.

WHAT IS GOING ON TO-DAY. Racing at Brighton Beach, 2:30 p. m.

Mrs. Henry Parsons, director of the Children's School Farm. De Witt Clinton Park, to lecture on her work at New-York University Summer School, University Heights, 4 p. m.

Samuel Brill to lecture on "New-York to San Francisco and Return." Educational Alliance, evening. Entertainment at Young Women's Christian Association, No. 7 East 15th-st., 8 p. m.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

ALBEMARLE—Charles J. Bonaparte, Secretary of the Navy, Washington. BRESLIN—W. W. Lawton, Havana. GILSEY—O. J. Griffith, Minneapolis. GRAND—F. F. Aldridge, Eimitra. FifTh AVENUE—J. M. Stevenson, Glasgow, and Joaquin Fernandez Velasco, Havana. HOFFMAN—Harry Berliner, City of Mexico. HOLLAND—G. R. Carter, Honolulu, and T. Cataneda. London. MAN-HATTAN—Murray Carson, London; H. O'Beirne, of the British Embassy, Washington, and E. I. Harcourt, London. NAVARRE—Major George I. Anderson, U. S. A. NETHERLAND—William D. Taggart, Indianapolis, and George Liebman, Chicago. NORMANDIE—R. de Tanneay, Rio Janeiro. SAVOY—E. Reyes, Colombia. SEVILLE—T. U. Grant, Bradford, England. WALDORF-ASTORIA—Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Parker, Pittsburg

THE WEATHER REPORT

Official Record and Forecast .- Washington, July 23 -The week that ended Saturday, the 22d inst., opened with abnormally warm weather everywhere east of the Rocky Mountains, except in the South, where normal temperatures prevailed during the week. The high tem-peratures continued in the Missouri and the upper and peratures continued in the Missouri and the upper and middle portions of the Mississippi Vailey, the lake region, the Ohio Valley, the Middle Atlantic and New-England States until Wednesday aftermoon, when the edge of the hot spell was broken by general showers and thunder-storms. A cool spell set in over the upper lake region on Thursday and spread thence into the middle Mississippi Valley on the west, the Ohio Valley, the Middle Atlantic and New-England States on the southeast. The cool weather extended also into the Dakotas and Nebraska on Friday and continued in all of the above named regions the remainder of the week.

In the Missouri Valley, the Dakotas and Kansas the week was generally dry, except that frequent showers fell in North Dakota. In Minnesota, fowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, the Ohio Valley, the Gulf States, and the South Atlantic States, except North Carolina, he week was also, on the whole, dry.

In Tennessee, Kentucky, North Carolina, Maryland and Virginia the closing days of the week was generally fair, except in Ariennas, Okinhoma and Tennessee, where frequent showers fell throughout the week. The current week opens with temperatures generally below the normal east of the Rocky Mountains, except in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, where normal temperatures continue. In the last twenty-four hours showers have fallen in the Ohio Valley, the Middle Atlantic States, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Northern Texas, New-Mexico and Upper Michigan At Shreveport, La. over seven laches of rain have fallen in the last twenty-four hours showers have fallen in the Gulf Coast States and the lower mississippi Valley; also in Tennessee. Showers are also probable in Atlantic Coast States and the lower Mississippi Valley; also in Tennessee. Showers are also probable in Atlantic Coast States and the lower Mississippi valley; also in Tennessee. Showers are also probable in the South Atlantic Coast fresh southwesterly; on the Gulf Coast Ilght and on the upper lakes fresh northwesterly. middle portions of the Mississippi Valley, the lake region Forecast for Special Localities.-For Eastern New-

fork, partly cloudy to-day, warmer in the interior Tuesday fair, warmer on the coast; fresh east winds, be

For New-Jersey, partly cloudy to-day; Tuesday fair and warmer; light east, shifting to south, winds. For the District of Columbia, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, partly cloudy to-day and Tuesday; light south virginia, partly cloudy to-day and tuesday; hight south winds.

For Eastern Fiorida, Western Fiorida and Louislana, scattered showers and thunderstorms to-day and Tuesday; light variable winds.

For New-England, partly cloudy to-day; Tuesday fair and warmer; fresh northeast winds, becoming south.

For Eastern Pennsylvania, occasional showers to-day, followed by fair and warmer; Tuesday fair; fresh southwest winds.

For Western Pennsylvania, fair to-day and Tuesday; slowly rising temperature; light west winds.

For Western New-York, showers and thunderstorms to-day; Tuesday fair; fresh west to northwest winds.

Local Official Record .- The following official record from the Weather Bureau shows the changes in the tem perature for the last twenty-four hours, in compariso with the corresponding date of last year:

S a. m. 1904. 1905. S a. m. 60 71 6 p. m. 73 70 6 a. m. 67 63 9 p. m. 73 70 9 a. m. 60 64 11 p. m. 68 66 12 m. 72 65 12 p. m. 67 4 p. m. 74 70 Highest temperature yesterday, 71 degrees; lowest,

average, 66; average for corresponding date last year, 70; average for corresponding date last twenty-five years, 74. Forecast for to-day—Partly cloudy; Tuesday fair, warmer; fresh east winds, becoming south.

MODEST, BUT NOT TO EXCESS.

From The London Chronicle.

Mr. Reid, the leader of the Australian Free
Traders and late Frime Minister of the Commonwealth, is a Scotsman, and one of the prayers supposed to be popular to the north of the Tweed is
"Lord, give us a good conceit of ourselves." In
the course of a recent speech Mr. Reid remarked,
"Australian statesmen are very scarce. In fact, I
doubt whether Australia has yet produced one."
Here "a voice" inquired, "How about you?" Mr.
Reid modestly replied, "Well, I think I come as
near the real thing as anybody."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR. Fresh Air Fund Brings Joy to Hosts of Little Children.

Within the last two weeks the Tribune Fresh Air Fund has sent 2,982 children to the country. Fully two-thirds of this number have been re ceived in private families, while the remainder went to various fresh air homes supported by the fund and its friends. This small army of children went to 133 different places, in eight States.

In the last week 1,349 children were transferred from the city to the country under the auspices of the Tribune Fresh Air Fund. The day excursions up the Hudson to Excelsior Grove were taken advantage of by 2.078 mothers and children, makng the total number handled during the week 3,427. Last Monday was the busiest day this season. Six hundred children were sent on their way to the country. They went to forty different places in New-York and Pennsylvania, and required rallroad tickets for thirty-seven stations. One party that left the Grand Central Station filled five special cars.

From present indications, in the neighborhood of fourteen hundred children will be sent to the country for a fortnight in the present week. The work of the Tribune Fresh Air Fund is at its height at present, and calls from the country for children are being received daily.

The recent appeal for contributions to the Tribme Fresh Air Fund was responded to admirably by the public, but considerable more money is required, that the good work may continue at the present rate. Thousands of children will swelter in the crowded tenements during the hot summer unless funds are obtainable to send them to the country. Every \$3 helps to make some child hap-

Four parties will leave the city to-day. More than two hundred children will begin their two weeks' vacation in various points in New-York and

The hosts of the children in to-day's parties are:

The hosts of the children in to-day's parties are:

At Bradford, Penn.—Mrs. Olive Johnson, Mrs. Beckwith, Mrs. A. W. Newell, Mrs. Stillwagon, Mrs. Lillian Snyder, John Hanna, Harry Brown, Mrs. Lillian Snyder, John Hanna, Harry Brown, Mrs. Dickenson, James Hoge, Albert Chuckley, Mr. Titus, Alexander Watson, Mrs. Pease, Mrs. Haymaker, Mrs. David Phillips, Mrs. Pease, Mrs. C. E. Hudson, Mrs. A. F. Schroder, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Nell, W. E. Berrige, Mrs. Pixley, Mrs. W. W. McIntyre, Mrs. Hansel, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. P. J. Gates, Mrs. J. H. Barnes, Mrs. Lyons, Mrs. Tesler, Mrs. Hulda Heldstrom, Mrs. Hammond, Dr. A. G. White, Mrs. A. D. Slone, Mrs. W. F. Enser, B. S. Beebe, Harry Fox, Mrs. Lockwood, Mrs. Edgett, Mrs. E. J. Davis, Mrs. C. E. Lense, Mrs. Bergwall, G. Porterfield, Mrs. J. W. Chapman, Mrs. Frank Johnson, Mrs. O. S. James, Mrs. J. W. Nelley, Mrs. John Polley, Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Woodstrom, Mrs. Woodward, Mrs. Walker, Mrs. Arrowsmith, Mrs. M. Bruckamoor, Mrs. Myra Corning, Mrs. Kelley, Mrs. H. Chatley, Mrs. F. W. Pontiss and Miss Ida M. Stiles, The hosts for twenty-three children in this party were not received in time for publication.

At Port Allegany, Penn.—Miss Sherrill, Mrs. Galloway, Mrs. W. G. Sebring, E. H. Sherwood, L. J. Gallup, Mrs. D. H. Lewis, Mrs. Don Lindley and Mrs. Coleman.

At Chocton, N. Y.—Isaac Wheaton, Mrs. H. C. Bergman, Mrs. B. G. Mattice, Mrs. Addie Edmund, Mrs. Ida James, Mrs. Ernest Pierce, Mrs. G. L. Coward, Mrs. Emma Gruber, Mrs. Addie Edmund, Mrs. Ida James, Mrs. Ernest Pierce, Mrs. G. L. Coward, Mrs. Emma Gruber, Mrs. Benjamin Wise, Mrs. Erastus Whitney, Mrs. John Frank, Mrs. Stark Coward and Mrs. Ella Ketsh.

At Atlanta, N. Y.—Mrs. John Weber, Mrs. Peter Degan, Isaac Baker and Henry Fiebel.

naries Bruinerd
mes M. Spears
lean. Frances and Mabel
mory S. Carhart, Tuxedo, N. Y.
tha A. Collins
E. E. L.
P. Atherton, Wilkesbarre, Pura Atherton. Wischer P. New-Brunswick.
L. R. Knapp, Midland Park, N. J. Robbins, Lakeville, Conn. Total July 22, 1905......\$11,276 81

Remittances, preferably by check, express order or postoffice money order, should be drawn to the order of and addressed to the Tribune Fresh Air Fund, New-York City.

The Tribune Fresh Air Fund was the first movement of the kind in the country. Every other one, here or elsewhere, has been started in imitation of this pioneer. The Tribune cordially welcomes all co-laborers in the field, but, without wishing to depreciate in the least the work of others, thinks it its duty to remind readers that the Tribune Fresh Air Fund is, so far as known, the only one in which absolutely every dollar contributed by the public goes directly to the work of sending a poor child to the country, keeping him there for two weeks and bringing him back again. Every \$3 insures such a vacation to at least one child. There have been years in which, owing to the magnitude of the operations of the Tribune Fresh Air Fund. such a result was insured by every \$250. No collectors are ever employed, and all collections made for the fund are purely voluntary. All expenses for organization, agents and the general machinery of the charity are privately defrayed by The Tribune itself and by the trustees of the fund. There are no percentages to collectors to come out of the contributions of the public, and no payments to agents, managers, secretary or others. Every dollar goes straight to the benefit

IN THE BERKSHIRES.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Lenox, Mass., July 23 .- A cool, clear morning brought most of the cottagers out to Trinity Church this morning, where Bishop Sheldon M. Griswold, of Salina, Kan., preached the sermon. The Bishop is a guest of Bishop George Worthington, of Nebraska, at the latter's

golfers now in Lenox and Stockbridge. Handicaps for trophies will be played every Sunday hereafter. Samuel Frothingham, Marshall Kernochan and David T. Dana, who were representatives of the Lenox Golf Club at Manchester, Vt., last week, returned to Lenox last night.

Five New-Yorkers are looking at Lenox proper-ties for sale, with the idea of making this their place of summer residence. Wilbur K. Mathews, Eric B. Dahlgren and Harley T. Procter have each made inquiries as to the price of certain Lenox properties in the market. The country places for sale include Bonnie Brae, owned by David Green, of New-York; Brookhurst, belonging to the estate of the late Mrs. William B. Shattuck; Edge Hill in Stockbridge; the Homestead property, owned by Anson Phelps Stokes, and Osceola House, in Cliffwood-st., the property of E. McE. Livingston. The Rev. and Mrs. Charles O. Arnold, of St. Helen's, New-Lenox, are to sall early in August

for Germany. The Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Bonaparte ave decided to leave Lee, where they have for a week, and will take apartments in the Hotel Aspinwall this week. Mr. and Mrs. Grant Walker, of Boston, are guests

of Miss Anna B. Shaw. Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer, of New-York, who has been ill in New-York, is expected soon at the Judge Bishop cottage, which she leased in June for the season.

Mrs. Joseph M. White, Thacher M. Adams and George Winthrop Folsom, of New-York, are sub-scribers to the band concert fund. Richard Goodman and the Misses Goodman have

presented a crayon portrait of Catherine Maria Sedgwick, the early American woman novelist, by Seth Cheney, their uncle, to the Lenox Library.

STANLEY WARD RECOVERING.

Stanley Ward, of Lawrence Park, Bronxville whose wife died on Saturday from typhoid fever, caused, it is supposed, by eating infected raw clams, Mrs Ward himself having been affected at the same time, was reported yesterday to be re-covering. Mr. Ward is a brother of Holcombe Ward, the tennis player.

MISS SHERMAN WEDS SYRIAN.

Bride of Georges Abd-El Messih Bey, of Cairo-Couple Met in Paris.

The peoples of the opposite sides of the world united on Saturday in the marriage of Miss Anolnette Sherman, of this city, and Georges Gabriel Abd-el Messih Bey, of Cairo, Egypt. mony was performed by the Rev. Father Bachaoate, rector of the Syrian Church, at the home of the bride's uncle, Charles de Rham, No. 24 Ah-ave. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Frederick Sherman, formerly a Miss Foster, of this city. Since the death of Frederick Sherman, in the late "50s, Paris. Mrs. Sherman was well known socially in this city at one time, and has frequently visited London and Hamburg.

London and Hamburg.

For several summers Misz Sherman, at the guest of her uncle, W. Watts Sherman, at Newport, and of her mother's brother. Glraud Foster, at Lenex. She inherited a large fortune when her father died. She has been presented at Fuckingham Palace, and has long been prominent in Perislan social affairs.

Georges Gabriel Abd-el Messih Bey met Miss Sherman in Paris. He accompanied her and her mother on a tour of Europe last winter, and followed them across the Atlantic to the Garder City Hotel in the spring. Only the relatives of the bride were at the wedding on Saturday. The couple started at once on their honeymoon, and will probably make their home in Paris.

PRESIDENT ATTENDS CHURCH.

Mrs. Roosevelt, accompanied by Miss Ethei, attended morning services, as usual, at Christ Episcopal Church to-day. During the services they were joined by Theodore, jr., who resumed his duties as a teacher in the Sabbath school this morning.

Dr. Alexander Lambert, of New-York, who has been a guest at Sagamore Hill for a couple of days, returned to the metropolis this evening.

A Delicious Drink

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE
A teaspoonful added to a glass of cold water Invigorates, Strengthens and Refreshes.

Married.

Marriage notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE with be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra charge.

ABD-EL-MESSIH BEY-SHERMAN-On Saturday, July 22, at No. 24 5th-ave, by the Rev. Father Bachnouta Georges Gabriel Abd-el-Messih Bey to Antoinette Sher-BALDWIN-HAVILAND-On Saturday, July 22, Lindsley Palmer Baldwin, of Brooklyn, and Gertrude Haviland, of New-York.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be indorsed with full name and address.

Died.

Death notices an earing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra

BURKE-On Saturday, July 22, at No. 357 West 122d-at., Harriet Amelia Burke. Services at Holy Trinity Church on Tuesday, July 25, at 10:30 a. m.

DALZELL-Frances Louise, widow of Hugh Dulzell, ag 62 years. Funeral service at late residence, No. North Clinton-st., East Orange, N. J., Monday eve ing. July 24, at 8:15.

DUNHAM—Suddenly, on Saturday, July 22, 1905, George H. Dunham, aged 71. Funeral services at his late residence, No. 19 West Sist-st., on Monday, July 25, at 5 o'clock p. m. Interment private. Friends of the family, also members of Republic Ledge No. 690, F. and A. M.: Union League Club and New-York Athletic Club, are respectfully invited to attent.

MOORE-At Castleton, Vt., on July 23, Graydon Whitley, son of Phoshe Mott Adams and the late John Whitley Moore, in the 30th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, at Castleton, Vt., on Tuesday, July 25, at 1:30 p. m. NICHOLS-At Great Neck, Long Island, Saturday, 22, 1905, William S. Nichols, in his 83d year. Fur

SCHOLLE—At Greenwich, Conn., Sunday, July 23, 1905, after a short filmess, Lillie Stern, beloved wife of Albert W. Scholle, aged 40 years. Notice of funeral hereafter. San Francisco papers please copy.

SQUIRE—Suddenly, at White Plains, on Saturday, July 22, Alfred L. Squire, in the 70th year of his age. Fu-neral at Grace Church, White Plains, N. Y., on Tues-day, July 25, at 11 a. m. Carriages will meet the 9:35

WARD-At Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y., July 22, 1905, after a short lilness, Hester Caldwell Oakley, durly beloved wife of Stanley Ward. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, Bronxville, at 4 p. m., Monday, July 24. Interment private, at Woodlawn, Washington, Chicago and Philadelphia papers please copy.

WATERBURY-Very suddenly, at San José, Cal., Monday, July IT, Annie A. Waterbury, widow of Al. G. Waterbury and daughter of the late Cornellias Coom. Funetal services at her late residence, No. West 73d-st., on Tucoday, July 25, at 2 o'clock. In ment at convenience of family.

CEMETERIES. THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY

is readily accessible by Harlem trains from Grand Central Station, Webster and Jerome avenue trolleys and by car-riage. Lots \$125 up. Telephono (4855 Grameroy) for Book

age. Lots \$125 up.
(Views or representative.
Office, 20 East 23rd St., N. Y. City. UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-2 West 22d St. St. Stephen Merritt Embeg Inst. Tel. 1324 Chelsea

Special Notices.

MEMORIAL WINDOWS Tribune Subscription Rates.

SINGLE COPIES, SUNDAY.

SUNDAY, 5 cents WEEKLY REVIEW, 5 cents WEEKLY FARMER, 3 cents Domestic Rates.

George Worthington, of Nebraska, at the latter's country place in Pittsfield. There were several large luncheon parties this afternoon.

Sunday golf at Shadow Brook attracted many

Philippines, without extra expense for foreign postage.

DAILY AND SUNDAY:
One Month, \$1 00
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ive Months, Mail subscribers in New-York City to the DAILY and TRI-WEEKLY will be charged one cent a copy extra postage in addition to the rates named above. Foreign Rates.

Foreign Rates.

For points in Europe and all countries in the Universal Postal Union, THE TRIBUNE will be mailed at the following rates:

DAILY AND SUNDAY:
One Month, \$1.82
Time Months, \$1.82
Time Months, \$1.82
Time Months, \$1.83
Time Months, \$1.84
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Six Months, \$1.90
Six Months, \$1.53
Twelve Months, \$1.53
Twelve Months, \$1.02
Twelve Months, \$1.02
Twelve Months, \$1.02
Time Month, \$1.44
Two Months, \$2.85
Three Months, \$2.85
Three Months, \$3.57 \$1 02 \$2 04

MAIN OFFICE—No. 154 Nassau-st.
WALL STREET OFFICE—No. 15 William-st.
UPPOWN OFFICE—No. 154 Broadway, or any American District Telegraph Office.
BRONN BUREAU—No. 496 Enset 135th-st.
WASHINGTON BUREAU—No. 1,122 F-st.
NEWARK BRANCH OFFICE—Frederick N. Sommer.
No. 754 Broad-st.
AMERICANS.

NEWARK BRANCH OFFICE—Frederick N. Sommer.
No. 704 Broad-at.

AMERICANS ABROAD will find THE TRIBUNE at
LONDON-Odice of THE TRIBUNE, at No. 149
Floet-at.
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The London Office of THE TRIBUNE is a convenient
place to leave advertisements and subscriptions.
PARIS—John Munroe & Co., No. 7 Rue Scribe.
John Wannmaker, No. 44 Rue des Petites Ecuries.
Engle Bureau, No. 53 Rue Cambon.
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Crédit Lvonnais. Bureau des Etrangers.
Continental Hotel newsstand.
The Figaro Office.
Brentano's, No. 37 Avenue de l'Opera.
American Express Company, No. 11 Rue Scribe.
NICE—Crédit Lyonnais.

· Special Notices.

FLORENCE-French, Lemon & Co., Nos. 2 and 4 Via

Region.

PELGIUM—Le Grand Hotel, Brusne's: Hotel E-reant &

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

WEST INDIES, ETC. CUESDAY (25)-At 6 a. m. for Jamaica, per s. son, from Philadelphia; at 9:30 a. m. tauppl

MAILS FORWARDED OVERLAND, &C., EXCEPT TRANSPACIFIC.

Mails (except Jamaica and Bahamas) are forwarded daily to ports of sailing. The CONNECTING mails close at the General Postoffice, New-York, as follows: CUBA, via Port Tampa, at 4:30 a. m. Manday, Wednesday and Saturday. Also from New-York Thursday and Saturday. See above).

MENICO CITY, overland, at 1:30 p. m. and 10:30 p. m. daily, except Sunday; Sunday at 1 p. m. and 10:30 p. m. NEWFOUNDLAND (except Parvels-Fost Mails), via North Sydney at 7 p. m. Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, (Also occasionally from New-York and Philadelphia, See above). Sydney at T p. m. Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, (Also occasionally from New-York and Philadelphia, See above).

MiQUELON, via Boston and North Sydney, at 6:30 p. m. avery other Sunday (July 30, August 13 and 27, etc.).

JAMAICA, via Boston, at T p. m. Tuesday and Friday. (Also from New-York on Saturday. See above).

COSTA RICA, via New-Orleans, at 10:30 p. m. Tuesday. BRITISH HONDURAS, HONDURAS (East Coast) and GUATEMALA, via New-Orleans, at 10:30 p. m. Monday. (West Coast of Honduras is dispatched from New-York via Franama—see above.)

NICARAGUA (East Coast), via New-Orleans, at 10:20 p. m. Sunday and Wednesday. (West Coast of Nicarasgua is dispatched from New-York via Franama—see above.)

above.)

PANAMA and CANAL ZONE, via New-Orleans, at 110:30 p. m. Sunday (only specially addressed mail is forwarded via New-Orleans when New-Tork steamer salls on following Monday). After 10:30 p. m. Sunday and until saling of New-York steamer, mail for Panama and Canal Zone is held for the New-York steamer—see above. above. +Registered Mail for overland dispatches closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS, FORWARDED OVERLAND DAILLY. The schedule of closing of Transparific Mails is arranged

The schedule of closing of Transparific Mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to port of salling. The final connecting mails (except Registered Transparific Mails dispatched via Vanceuver, Victoria, Tacoma or Seattle, which close 6 p. m. previous days close at the General Postoffice, New York, as follows: Hawaii, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. July 24 for dispatch per s. s. Alameda.
Philippine Islands and Guam, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. July 24 for dispatch per s. s. Iyo Maru.
Japan, Korea, China and specially addressed mail for Philippine Islands, via Seattle, close at 6 p. m. July 27 for dispatch per s. s. iyo Maru.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. July 27 for dispatch per s. s. iyo Maru.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. July 27 for dispatch per s. s. Nebraskan.
Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. August 1 for dispatch per s. s. Nactiposa.
New-Zealand, Australia (except West), New-Caledonia, Samos, Hawaii and Fili Islands, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. August 5 for dispatch per s. s. Sonoma, (if the Cunard steamer arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails—closing at 5:00 a. m. 9:30 a. m. and 6 p. m.; Sundays at 4:30 a. m. 9:a m. and 6 p. m.—will be made up and forwarded until the arrival of the Cunard steamer)
Japan (except Percels Post Mails), Korea, China and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, E. C., close at 6 p. m. August 1 for dispatch per s. S. Energens of Japan.
Hawaii, Japan Korea, China and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. August 11 for dispatch per s. S. Energens of Japan.

Hawali Japen Korea, China and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close at 6 p. m. August 11 for dinatch per a. s. Meria.

Più Islanda Australia (except West) and Now-Caledonia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close at 6 p. m. August 12 for dispatch per a. s. Meana.

Mancharia (except Musice, New-Chwang and Port Arthuria and Eustern Silieria is in present forwarded via Russia.

NOTE.—Unless otherwise inferenced, West Australia is forwarded via Europe, New-Zealand via disparence of Tuman, via British India—the quickest routes. Philippinos apecially addressed "via Europe" must be fully precaid at the foreign rates. Hawali is forwarded via Surper Prancisco exclusively.

WILLIAM R. WILLCOX. Postmette.